MACHINE LEARNING

Q1 to Q11 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1. Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:

i) Classification

ii) Clustering

iii) Regression

Options:

a) 2 Only

b) 1 and 2

c) 1 and 3

d) 2 and 3

Answer-d) 2 and 3

2. Sentiment Analysis is an example of:

i) Regression

ii) Classification

iii) Clustering

iv) Reinforcement

Options:

a) 1 Only

b) 1 and 2

c) 1 and 3

d) 1, 2 and 4

Answer-d) 1, 2 and 4

3. Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?

a) True

b) False

Answer-a) True

4. Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering

analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:

i) Capping and flooring of variables

ii) Removal of outliers

Options:

a) 1 only

b) 2 only

c) 1 and 2

d) None of the above

Answer-a) 1 only

5. What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?

a) 0

b) 1

c) 2

d) 3

Answer-b) 1

6. For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?

a) Yes

b) No

Answer-b) No

7. Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive

iterations in K-Means?

a) Yes

b) No

c) Can't say

d) None of these

Answer-a) Yes

8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?

i) For a fixed number of iterations.

ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases

with bad local minimum.

iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.

iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.

Options:

a) 1, 3 and 4

b) 1, 2 and 3

c) 1, 2 and 4

d) All of the above

Answer-d) All of the above

9. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?

a) K-means clustering algorithm

b) K-medians clustering algorithm

c) K-modes clustering algorithm

d) K-medoids clustering algorithm

Answer-a) K-means clustering algorithm

10. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression

model (Supervised Learning):

i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.

ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.

iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.

iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable.

Options:

a) 1 only

b) 2 only

c) 3 and 4

d) All of the above

Answer-d) All of the above

11. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative

clustering algorithms for the same dataset?

a) Proximity function used

b) of data points used

c) of variables used

d) All of the above

Answer-d) All of the above

12. Is K sensitive to outliers?

The K-means clustering algorithm is sensitive to outliers, because a mean is easily influenced by extreme values. The group of points in the right form a cluster, while the rightmost point is an outlier.

13. Why is K means better?

Kmeans algorithm is good in capturing structure of the data if clusters have a spherical-like shape. It always tries to construct a nice spherical shape around the centroid. That means, the minute the clusters have a complicated geometric shape, kmeans does a poor job in clustering the data.

14. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

The basic k-means clustering is based on a non-deterministic algorithm. This means that running the algorithm several times on the same data, could give different results. However, to ensure consistent results, FCS Express performs k-means clustering using a deterministic method.